Sri Lankan president faces daunting task. (1994, November 11). *The Hongkong Standard*.

A SMALL island nation yester day sent a salutary message to a world increasingly racked by ethnic conflicts and racial ten sions. That message is unequivocal and unambiguous. It was the total rejection of ethnic politics, for long the happy hunting ground of Sri Lankan politicians of all hues and the ruin of that multi-ethnic, multi-religious country. In a vote that exemplifies the maturity of the Sri Lanka voter, the electorate rejected the opposition United National Party's (UNP) implied racism and elected current Prime Minister Chandrika Kumaratunga as the country's first woman president by an unprecedented majority. In a desperate move follow ing the assassination of its presidential candidate and op position leader, the UNP nomi nated his widow in the hope of winning public sympathy and the election. There was nothing intrinsi cally wrong with that. What boomeranged was the oppo sition's attempt to link the assassination of its candidate, doubtless by the minority Tamil rebel group, the Tigers, with Mrs Kumaratunga who had initiated peace talks with the Tigers shortly after becom ing prime minister in August. While

most Sri Lankans de test the ruthlessness and indis criminate killings of the Tigers demanding independence, they desperately long for a solution to this problem that has divided society and drained the economy. Mrs Kumaratunga was seen as the only political leader today who has the courage to cross the racial divide and resolve this festering issue. While Sri Lanka has now given her the mandate to pur sue her efforts at conflict resol ution, she must not let senti ment and the immature advice of her close associates and cronies replace wiser counsel. The assassination of oppo sition leader Gamini Dissanayake in which more than 50 others died, should serve as a reminder to her that she is dealing with a highly motivated and disciplined but ruthless opponent who has matched wits with the best of negotiators. But what comes best to the Tamil Tigers is militarism and given the slightest opportunity they will engage in what they know, as a negotiating weapon as well as a means of eliminat ing opposing leaders. The new president would need to remember that while the Sri Lankan voter has given her a mandate to negotiate an end to the bloody war, it is not a blank cheque to engage in recklessness. That would be disastrous for her and for the country.